GPB—15,000 20 12 1.

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

1892-93.
191.
(Inam)

File No. 203

Serial Nos.

Papers Filed.

*Month*_____

SUBJECT.

Passing orders in the matter of the restoration of the Inam village of Sajjankere in the Chitaldrug ~~D.~~ Taluk endowed to the Ahmed Sha gumbuz at Chitaldrug.

PREVIOUS REFERENCES

LATER REFERENCES

Inam I 745 - 1893-4
440 - 1907-08

(General Serial No. 30.)

65-82

1892.

From The Deputy Commissioner Chitaldroog District

To

The Chief Secretary to the ~~Durbar~~ Government of Mysore.

Dated 13th } December 1892.
Despatched 17th }

Received

Enclosures No. 1 with a file of papers.

General No. 340.
No. 314.

In reply to —

SUBJECT

Submitting an application of Sajjanakere Jahagirdars for a loan of Rs: 3000 under the Land Improvement Loans Regulation with a report and the Village records connected therewith.

References (to be entered only in the Dewan's Office)

Is the same No. 13344 27/12/92
R1603-92 1/93

To Dewan Rama Rao

Application for a loan Rs: 3000/.

Applicants - Gulbahan-Sha & Syed Allibrincipal Hinedars of the Inam village of Sajjankere Chitaldroog Taluk.

The amount is required for the Construction of a breached tank, the cost whereof is estimated at Rs 3000 by the D.P.W.

Work proposed to be completed within 12 or 18 months.

Present income of the Inam village = 623 Rs. per annum - No regular accounts kept.

The estimated value of the village is Rs. 10,000/.

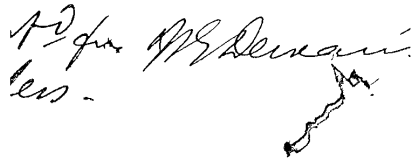
The Construction of the tank will increase the revenue by Rs 250/ a year.

The village is reported to be free from encumbrances

The rate of interest offered is 3 p.c. but the Dy. Comr. recommends the grant of the loan at 5 p.c.

The loan is repayable in 20 years.

Under the above circumstances



No. 340.
314.

Enc: 1 with a file of papers.

Deputy Commissioner's Office
Chulāvroog District
Chulāvroog 13th December
1892.

To

The Chief Secretary to the
Government of Mysore

Sir,

I have the honor to state that 1 Gulbaharsha and 2 Syed Ali (principle Assadars) of the Devadayam Sarva Inam village of Lajjankera in the Chulāvroog Taluk, applied for a loan of Rs 3000 under the Land Improvement Loans Regulation, for the construction of a breached tank in their village.

2. - The application was referred for investigation and report to Mr Venkata Row General Assistant Commissioner, who has held the necessary enquiries and forwarded the vernacular records together with his opinion in his letter No 48 of the 25th ultimo, a copy of which is herewith forwarded

for information

3. - From Mr Venkata Row's report and the vernacular records, it will be seen that there are in the village 150 houses, 25 Kapila wells and many Sayavali Kattas. The market value of the village which is offered as surety is estimated at Rs 10,000. The cost of the proposed tank is estimated at Rs 3000 by the Public Works Department - It appears from the records, that there are several Kissadars for this village, of whom the applicants are the Chief man and the rest have given their consent for the proposal. The work is proposed to be completed from 12 to 18 months and the loan returned within 15 years. -

4. - The village of Sajjankera is a devadayam Sarvamanya village. As per orders conveyed in Government Proceedings No D401 dated 26th April last, necessary agreements will be taken for

Spending the whole amount of the loan on the work and also to keep necessary accounts &c.

5. - Under the above circumstances, I am of opinion that the loan applied for may be granted at 5 per cent interest per annum -

I have the honor to be
Sir,
Your most obedient servant
[signature]
Offg. Deputy Commissioner

Jcox

No. 48.

General Assistant Commr's Office
Chitaldroog District
Dated 25th November 1892.

To

The Deputy Commissioner
Chitaldroog District

Sir,

With reference to your No. 188/4 dated 6th August 1892 I have the honor to submit my report together with the papers connected with the local enquiry conducted by me in the matter of applications for loans for land improvement from the holders of the + + and Sarva- manya Sajjan Kere in the Chitaldr- Taluk. In accordance with the rules framed under the Land im- provement Loans Regulation No. of 1892 I proceeded to the village in company with the Amildar after due notice and then in the presence of the parties, local officials and respectable agriculturists of the place visited the sites of the pro- posed tanks and made the necessary inquiry on points specified in para of the Rules.

The Inamdar of Kujjanahalli is also a populous village consisting of 150 houses 25 Kapile Wells and many Dagavali Kuttayi.

The present income of the Inamdars from the village is 623 Rs: a year as per statements of the Shanbogue and the Ryots. No regular accounts have been kept of the village revenue. The market value of the village is estimated at Rs: 10,000. The Ryots stated that it was 15000 Rupees.

The D.P.W. Officers have examined the site of the proposed work and estimated the cost at Rs: 3000/. (See Executive Enquiries No. 362 dated 25/6/92 to the Deputy Commissioner with report of the Officer who examined the site) The D.P.W. Officers report shows that no public or private interest suffers from the construction of the proposed tank. The Ryots also said the same. About 50 or 60 acres of dry land will be irrigated by the Tank. The revenue of the village will thus increase by about 250 Rs: a year. The Ryots are very anxious to have the tank and promise to help the Inamdar with money if the cost of the work

The Mudaliars - there are several Vissidars - said that the application for a loan of 2000 Rs. was at first made from a wrong estimate of the cost of the work but that they would now solicit the grant of a loan of 3000 Rs: as they had become aware of the work requiring even more than the latter sum. They promise to supplement the loan with private money should the cost exceed 3000 Rs:

In case of the loan being granted, all the Vissidars are willing to join with the applicant in executing the necessary agreement to Government.

It has been ascertained from the Mudaliars, Poyts and the Sub Registrar that the village is free from encumbrance of any sort.

The proposed work is said to require between 12 and 18 months for its- Completion.

As the market value of the village greatly exceeds the amount of the loan now asked for by the Mudaliars, as it- is free from encumbrances and as the village will be much benefited by the improvement while no private or public interest will suffer thereby, I am of opinion and recommend that the loan may be granted.

In granting the loan, it- will be for the good of the applicants- to give :-

it to them by instalments of a few hundred rupees at a time after being satisfied that the sums already paid have been spent on the works and that good work has been done. The Inamdars beg that the rate of interest may be reduced from 6 to 3 per cent in their cases. They are energetic and anxious to improve their lands but they do not seem to be wealthy. I would recommend the reduction of the rate in interest on condition of their completing the work satisfactorily within the period allowed by Government.

This report was delayed owing to the delay in the submission of the plans, specifications and estimates for the works as required by para 12 of the Rules by the applicants.

I have &c.

(Signed) P. Venkatarow

General Assistant Commr.

"Copy"

Deputy Commissioner

2602

(General Serial No. 30.) (2)

1892.

1575

From

The Deputy Commissioner
— Chitaldurg District

To

The Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore

Dated 13th December 1892

Despatched 16

Received

Enclosures No. One both a file of Vernacular papers

General No. 339
No. 313

In reply to

SUBJECT.

Submitting an application of Swamiraya Shastri Joshi of the Kenahalli village of the Chitaldurg Taluk to the Chitaldurg Taluk to gether with the Vernacular papers connected therewith and recommending that the loan asked for be granted

Rao Bahadur Rama Rao.
19/12/92

Current.

References (to be entered only in the Dewan's Office).

Sanction the grant of the loan
Issue necessary orders
21/1/93

In the same No 13280
R 1589-93.
dated 28/1/93.

1 Appn for a loan of Rs 1000 repayable within 15 years at Rs 3/- per Cent per annum

2 Applicant - Shastri - requires Joshi of Chikken Kalli Chitaldurg Taluk.

3 The loan is required for repairing a breached tank the cost whereof is estimated at Rs 1000/-

4 The market value of the village is Rs 5000/-

5 It is reported to be unincumbered.

6 The repair of the tank will increase the revenue by Rs 100/- a year

7 The Dy Com recommends the grant of the loan @ 5 p.c.

Submitted to the Chief Secretary
Dy Com's Office
18/1/93.

Read

No. 339 Enc: 1.
313
to the a file of
Vernacular
papers.

Deputy Commissioner's Office
Chitaldroog District
Dated 13th December 1892
16.

To

The Chief Secretary to the
Government of Mysore.
Bangalore.

Sir,

I have the honour to state that one Swamirayappa, Jodidar of Chick Kenachalli village in the Chitaldroog Taluk, having applied for a loan of Rs: 1000, under Land Improvement Loans Regulation, to repair a breached tank situated in his Jodi village, the application was referred for necessary investigation and report to the Assistant Commissioner Mr. Venkata Row.

2. From the Vernacular records received from him with his letter No. 48 of the 25th ultimo, a copy of which is herewith submitted for perusal, it will be seen that the cost of the work as estimated by the D.P.W. comes to Rs: 1000/. but the

the applicant states that it would cost Rs: 500 more which he undertakes to pay. The work would take from 1 year to 18 months and the proposed tank is estimated to irrigate some 20 acres of dry land, thus increasing the revenue of the village by about Rs: 150 a year.

3. There are 75 houses in the Village and also 20 Nagavali Huttays and the market value of the village offered as security is estimated to be Rs: 5000. The applicant is reported to be the registered holder of the village, and has one undivided younger brother Sreenivasachar, who has given his Consent. The applicant proposes to repay the loan within 15 years. The ryots of the village have also been consulted with, and they are also eager to have the proposed tank Constructed and promise to give

give every help for the early
Completion of the work.

4. Under the above circumstances
I beg to recommend that the loan
of Rs: 1000 applied for may be
granted, with 5 per cent interest
per annum. The necessary
records are herewith submitted
for reference. The village of
Chikkenahalli is a Devadayam
Inam and as per order passed
in Government Pro: D No 401 dated
26th April last, necessary agree-
-ments will be taken from the
Registered holder and the Huckdar
for spending the whole amount
of the loan on the work, and also
to keep necessary accounts &c

I have the honor to be
Sir
Your most obedient Servant

Off: Deputy Commissioner
Chitaldroog District

Jcbs

No 48.

General Assistant Commr's Office, Chitaldroog Distrct
Dated 25th November 1892.

To

The Deputy Commissioner
Chitaldroog district

Sir,

With reference to your No. 188/4 dated 6th August 1892, I have the honor to submit my report together with the papers connected with the local enquiry conducted by me in the matter of applications for loans for Land improvement, from the holders of the Inam villages of Jodi Chikkanahalli & x x in the Chitaldroog Taluk- In accordance with the rules framed under the Land Improvement loans Regulation No. IV of 1892, I repaired to the villages in company with the Amildar after due notice and then in the presence of the parties, local officials and respectable agriculturists of the place, visited the sites of the proposed tanks and made the necessary inquiry on points specified in para 10 of the Rules-

The cost of constructing the proposed tank

Tank at Chikkanahalli is estimated at Rs 1000-- by the D. E. E. (Vide Executive Engineer's No 351 dated 25-6-1892 enclosed). The loan applied for is Rs 1000-- The applicant proposes to supplement the loan by private capital to the extent of 500 Rupees. The probable period required for the completion of the work is stated to be a year or 18 months and I believe it may be completed in that time. By the construction of the tank about 20 acres of dry land will be converted into wet and the present revenue will increase by about a hundred Rupees a year. - My enquiry shows that no adjoining lands will be affected by the proposed work - The market value of the village proposed to be hypothecated to Government is estimated at Rs 5000, owning to about 20 fields having a Sajjavalikatte, their value ranging from 2 to 4 hundred Rupees each and the existence of 11 wells irrigating wet lands. There are 75 houses almost all, of agriculturists in the village including its hamlet Gollarhatti. Thus it will be seen

that the village is a good security for the loan applied for and it is said to be not encumbered in any manner. The Sub Registrar's report is enclosed - The applicant is the registered holder of the village and also its real owner jointly with his only brother (Sreenivasachar) who is willing to assent to the wishes of the applicant -

The ryots are also very anxious to have the proposed tank constructed and promised to help the Jodidar with money -

For these reasons I am of opinion and recommend that the loan may be granted -

× × × × ×

In granting the loan, it will be for the good of the applicants to give it to them by instalments of a few hundred Rupees at a time after being satisfied that the sums already paid have been spent on the works and that good work has been done. The Inamdars beg that the rate of interest may be reduced from 6 to 3 per cent in their cases - They

are energetic and anxious to improve their lands, but they do not seem to be wealthy. I would recommend the reduction of the rate in interest on condition of their completing the work satisfactorily within the period allowed by Government.

This report was delayed owing to the delay in the submission of the plans, Specifications and estimates for the works as required by para 12 of the rules by the applicants.

Sd/ N. Venkata Row:
General Asst Commissioner
Chittoor District

"Extract"

Offg: Deputy Commissioner

Proceedings of the Govt. of H.H
the Maharaja of Mysore

Read.

Letter No 339/313 dated 13th
Dec. 1892 from the Dy Comm.
Chitaldroog District, recom-
mending the grant of a loan
of Rs. 1000 to Sraminayachar,
Jodidar of Chikkenkalli in
the Chitaldroog Taluk, under
the Land Improvement Loans
Regn., for the construction of
a tank; and submitting
the record of enquiry.

Order No. 13280 Sw.V.P / R 1589-92 dated
28 January 1893
1-2-93

The Loan of Rs. 1000 to the applicant on the terms ~~proposed~~ recommended by the Deputy Comm. is sanctioned. The rate of interest will be fixed at 5 per cent per annum.

The record of enquiry is returned

25/1

Chief Secretary

To the Dy Com. Chitaldroog Dt.

Proceedings of the Govt. of H H the Maharaja of Mysore

Read -

Letter No 340/314 dated 13th December 1892 from the Deputy Comm^r Chitaldroog District, recommending the grant of a loan of Rs. 3000 to Gulbarsha and others of Sajjankere Inam village, under the Land Improvement Loans Regulation, for the construction of a breached tank in their village; and submitting the record of enquiry.

Order No 13344/A 1603-92 dated 28 January 1893. 2-2-93.

The loan of Rs. 3000 to the Applicants on the terms proposed by the Dy Comm^r is sanctioned. The rate of interest will be fixed at 5 per cent per Annum

The record of enquiry is returned

28/1.

Chief Secretary

25/1

20, The Dy Comm. Chitaldroog

3153
5.

DEPARTMENT

189

From

The Comptroller, Govt. of Mysore.

To

The Secretary to the Govt of Mysore in the Revenue Department

Dated 28/10/97

Despatched

Received

General No. 2954
No. 4004

Enclosure No.

Submitted to Secretary
for orders as to the
points suggested
by the Comptroller
in para 2 of this letter.
1/10/97 Rules not up.
There is no provision
in the existing Rules for the levy
of interest on instalments in arrears
3/11/97 3/11/97

Sd to Secty
7/11/97

Interest at the rate of 6¼ per
annum is fairly recoverable
on instalments in
arrears. Not exactly
provided for in the
Rules.

Sd 2nd
28-11-97

Please
amend draft
accordingly
2/12/97

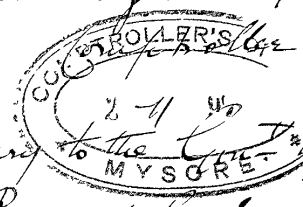
Stating that the recovery
of Rs. 7-7-8 was an account
of Interest proper and not
on account Interest on Over
due Instalments as remarked
in the Proceedings.

Rev 4/11/97

Bangalore 28th October 1897
3-11-97

No 2954
1004

From E. R. Scherozer Esq.



To The Secretary to the Govt of Mysore
Rev: & Agrl Dept.

Sir,

With reference to para 9 of Govt Proc No: 10783-742 / 12 38 54 dt 5th June 1897 observing that a sum of Rs 7.7.8 was recovered on account of interest on overdue instalments of loans for Sagavali Kattes in the Mysore Dist only tho' a last balance of Rs 831.3.1 for the whole Province was outstanding at the close of September 1896, I have the honor to state that this recovery of Rs 7.7.8 was on account of Interest Proper and not on account of interest on overdue instalments as remarked in the above proceedings. The existing rules for the repayment of loans for (1) Sagavali Kattes (2) Restoration of tanks and (3) Improvement of lands, do not provide for the levy of interest on overdue instalments while special provision is made for such in cases of loans for Irrigation Wells.

2. I am of opinion that the levy of interest on overdue instalments may be extended to the other loans also as such a levy will be conducive to the prompt payment of the instalments. I have therefore the honor to request that you will be pleased to lay the matter before Govt and communicate its decision in the matter.

I have the honor to be
Sir
Your most obedient Servant
E R Scherozer
Comptroller

Copy of this letter No

32469 d/ 10 11-97

Schedule

An alteration is also made in para 28 of the rules. It is respectfully submitted that instead of "in or before 30th June of each year" the phrase "with the last-year's Electoral roll may be substituted as in the case of the rules for delegation under Sec 23 which ~~provides~~ provide that the expression on or before 30th June may mean 3 or 4 months or any time before June which would fail to cause confusion and inconvenience

to the Comptroller
Presidency.

The Comptroller
in his No. 2554/1014 D/28.Aug
requests that orders
may be passed regarding
recovery of interest
on overdue instalments
as his advice is not
authorising deductions.
This reference was
submitted to the Secretary
for orders on 22.11.97
and it has not been
returned to file ~~yet~~ with orders which
it is respectfully
suggested may
be considered along
with the present
reference from the
Comptroller.
Submitted for orders

3408
K 576

DEPARTMENT

189

From

The Comptroller, Mysore Govt.

To

The Secretary to the Govt. of Mysore,

Dept.

Dated 10/11/97

Despatched

Received

No. 3249

No. 429

SUBJECT MATTER.

Requesting to pass orders for alteration of the rules as to make the instalments in the case of the loans also payable on the 30th June of each year

Rw 15/11/97

17

Secretary

Orders. Rules for the loans granted under the Land Improvement Loans Regulation are payable with interest by means of fixed Annual payments (please see Rule 26), there seems to be no objection to fix 30th June as the date on which the instalment is payable to Govt.

Please see also rule 19 of the Rules for the grant of loans for irrigation wells.

18/11/97

To be called to Secy on his return

20/11/97

30/11/97

Order sent 1/12/97

3249
1129

Secretariat DEPARTMENT.

OFFICE OF THE COMPTROLLER, MYSORE GOVT.

Bangalore, dated the 2nd December 1897

From

L. R. SUBBAYYA, Esq.

Comptroller, Mysore Govt.

COMPTROLLER 13 12 DEC 97 MYSORE

To

The Secretary to the Govt of Mysore,

General and Revenue Depts

Sir,

I have the honour to state that the instalments towards repayment of loans (other than those for Irrigation wells) granted under the Land Improvement Loans & Agriculturists Loans Regulation were made payable at any time in the year when they become due, instead of during a particular month of the year as in the case of loans for Irrigation wells and of special and other loans. This causes a good deal of inconvenience to this office and necessitates many correspondence and the monthly Receipt Many cases daily

review of the Register's [illegible]
the amount to [illegible]
[illegible]

I have to solicit the honor [illegible]
that the rule may [illegible]
make the [illegible]
these loans also payable on 30th Nov.
of each year.

I beg that early orders may kindly
be passed.

I have the honor, &c
&c.
Your most obedient Servant
M Cafe
Jn Comptroller.

hm

Read:—

(1) Letter No 2954/004 dated 28th October 1897 from the Comptr., Mysore by ovt. Sug:-gesting that in the rules relating to the grant of loans for land improve-ment, provision Similar to that made in the case of loans for irrigation wells, be made for the levy of interest on overdue instal-ments towards the liqui-dation of Such loans.

(2) Letter No 3249/1129 dated 10th November 1897 from the Same officer, Suggesting that as the present rule under which instalments due to-wards repayment of Land Improvement Loans are paid at any time in the year when they become due causes great inconvenience in the preparation of accounts in his office

the same is altered so as to make the instalments payable on the 30th June of each year.

Order thereon — No. 24 30-39 dt 27/12/39

Govt observe that interest @ 1777 the rate ~~of~~ fixed under 24 of the Rules issued under Notfn No R 70A dt 4th January 1972 as modified in Govt order No 4730 dated 25th November 1896, is fairly recoverable on overdue instalments towards repayment of the loans above referred to, and that in order to avoid confusion in the accounts, it is desirable that the annual instalments towards the liquidation of loans should be made payable on or before the 30th June of each year, the first instalment being also made payable on the 30th June following the period in which the payment falls

due.

2. The following Notfn providing for the same and modifying the existing rules will accordingly issue. —

10 5440 S 20/12/97.
~~AFS 95~~ Rc
R. 1778

Notification

The Govt of Mysore are pleased to direct that the following additions and alterations be made in paras 26 and 28 of the Rules for the grant of loans under the Land Improvement Loans Regulation issued under Notfn: No D 70 A dy 4th January 1895

(1) After the word "payments" in the 2d line of para 26, add "on or before the 30th "June of each year, the "first annual payment "being made on the 30th "June following the period "in which the payment "falls due".

(2) At the end of para 26, add "Provided, however,

"default in payment of any
"instalment as aforesaid,
"interest shall be charged
thereon at the rate of
"three per cent per annum
24 above".

(3) after the word "commence"
in line 2 para 28, Substitute
for the words "at the end"
the words "on or before
"the 31st June following the
"close".

(4) In the same para and
in lines 9/10 Substitute for
the words "at the end of"
"on or before the 30th June
"following".

(5) In the ~~same~~ para and
as altered, Substitute
~~for the words "at the end of"~~
~~the words "on or before the~~
~~30th June~~ At the end of
para 28 add the following
proviso.- "Provided however,
"that interest on the said loan
"year of such interval,
"shall be calculated from
"the date of the grant of
"the last instalment of
"the loan up to 30th June
"following it.

(6) In the example given in the same para, alter "1st April 1893", "1st April 1894" "1st April 1895" and "1st April 18 into "on or before the 30th June" and the 1st "Rs 24" into "20 + interest for additional 3 months" and the last three "Rs 24" into "20" throughout.

(7) In lines 1 2 3 ~~and 4~~ of the Sub para of para 22, Substitute for "1st April" "on or before the 30th June"; & in line 2, Substitute "12·950" for "13·586" and "54-12-10" for "54-5-6"

~~on the 30th June~~

2. Paras 26 and 28 modified as above will read as follows:

26. The loan with interest from the date fixed as per last preceding rule shall be repaid by the borrower by means of fixed annual payments. The number and amounts of such payments shall be determined by the Deputy Commissioner with reference to the convenience of the applicant and the necessities of the case, but so as not to exceed the maximum limits specified below:—

on or before the 30th June of each year, the 1st annual payment being made on the 30th June following the period in which the payment falls due.

		Maximum Period. Years.
For loans up to Rs.	500 ..	10
Do	from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,000	15
Do	Rs. 1,000 and upwards	20

If, in any special case, a longer period for repayment is desirable, the special sanction of Government shall be obtained on a full report of the circumstances of the case.

Provided however, that if default is made in the payment of any instalment as above, interest shall be charged thereon at the rate of 5 p.c. as fixed in para 24 above.

28. Repayment of loan by means of annual payments fixed under the last two preceding rules may, if the Deputy Commissioner so directs, commence ~~at the end~~ of the 2nd year from the date from which interest is calculable under Rule 25; but, if, in any special case, the Deputy Commissioner considers that the work for which the loan is given is such that a longer time must elapse before it yields a return, a longer

on or before the 30th June following the close

interval not exceeding five years in any case may be allowed for the commencement of the repayment. If, under this rule, the Deputy Commissioner allows an interval of ~~two~~ or more years for the commencement of repayment, the annual interest on the whole of the loan shall be paid ~~at the end of~~ each year of such interval, excepting the last of such years, ~~at the end of which~~ shall be paid the first payment towards repayment.

on or before the 30th June following

on or before the 30th June following which

Example.—Suppose the amount of the loan is Rs. 400, and the rate of interest ~~5~~ per cent and the loan is paid to the borrower in instalments as follows:—Rs. 100 on 1st January 1892, Rs 100 on 1st February 1892, Rs. 100 on 1st March 1892 and Rs. 100 on 1st April 1892, and suppose also that the Deputy Commissioner allows an interval of five years for the commencement of the repayment, and directs that the repayment shall be in 10 years by means of annuities. Then, under Rule 25, interest is chargeable on the loan only from 1st April 1892, and the borrower shall pay as interest on the whole loan under Rule 28, for the years of the five years' interval, *excepting the last*, as follows —

			Rs
on or before the 30th June	On ~~1st April~~ or the 30th June 1893	.. ..	24: 20 + interest for additional 3 months
on or before the 30th June	On ~~1st April~~ 1894	.. ..	24: 20
on or before the 30th June	On ~~1st April~~ 1895	.. ..	24: 20
on or before the 30th June	On ~~1st April~~ 1896	.. ..	24: 20

The repayment will commence ~~on 1st April~~ 1897. The annual payment towards such repayment under Table E will be 4 × ~~13·586 = Rs. 54 5 6~~ 12·950 = 51-12-10 The first of such annual payments must be made ~~on 1st April~~ 1897, and the tenth and last annual payment will extinguish the loan on ~~1st April 1906~~ (on or before the 30th June 1906)

on or before the 30th June

on or before the 30th June

Provided however that interest for the 1st year on the date of loan Such interval shall be calculated from the date of the grant of the last instalment of the loan upto 30th June following if

Revised

11/12/97

14/12/97

14/12/97 Secretary

To. The Comptr Mysore Govt.
The Dy Commrs of Dists
The Inspr of Agricultural Banks

Copy of the Notification to the Compiler Mysore Gazette for publication.

READ —

(1) Letter No. 2954—1004, dated 28th October 1897, from the Comptroller, Mysore Government, suggesting that, in the Rules relating to the grant of loans for land improvement, provision similar to that made in the case of loans for irrigation wells be made for the levy of interest on overdue instalments towards the liquidation of such loans

(2) Letter No 3249—1129, dated 10th November 1897, from the same Officer, suggesting that as the present rule, under which instalments due towards re-payment of land improvement loans are paid at any time in the year when they become due, causes great inconvenience in the preparation of accounts in his office, the same be altered so as to make the instalments payable on the 30th June of each year

No. 5430-39—R. 1777, DATED BANGALORE, 20TH DECEMBER 1897.

ORDER THEREON.—Government observe that interest at the rate fixed in para 24 of the Rules issued under Notification No. D—70 A, dated 4th January 1892, as modified in Government Order No. 4730—R. F. 51-95, dated 25th November 1896, *viz.*, 5 per cent per annum, is fairly recoverable on overdue instalments towards re-payment of the loans above referred to, and that further, in order to avoid confusion in the accounts, it is desirable that the annual instalments towards the liquidation of loans should be made payable on or before the 30th June each year, the first instalment being also made payable on the 30th June following the period in which the payment falls due.

2. The following Notification providing for the same and modifying the existing rules will accordingly issue—

NOTIFICATION.

No 5440—R. 1778, *dated Bangalore 20th December* 1897.

The Government of Mysore are pleased to direct that the following additions and alterations be made in paras 26 and 28 of the Rules for the grant of loans under the Land Improvement Loans Regulation, issued under Notification No. D—70 A, dated 4th January 1892.

(1) After the word "payments" in the 2nd line of para 26, add "on or before the 30th June of each year, the first annual payment being made "on the 30th June following the period in which the payment falls due."

(2) At the end of para 26, add, "Provided, however, that if default is made "in the payment of any instalment as above, interest shall be charged "thereon at the rate of 5 per cent as fixed in para 24 above."

(3) After the word "commence" in line 2, para 28, substitute for the words "at the end" the words "on or before the 30th June following the "close."

(4) "In the same para and in lines 9 and 10 substitute for the words "at the end of" "on or before the 30th June following."

(5) At the end of para 28, add the following proviso:—
"Provided, however, that interest on the said loan for the 1st year of "such interval, shall be calculated from the date of the grant of the last "instalment of the loan up to 30th June following it."

(6) In the example given in the same para, alter "1st April 1893," "1st April 1894," "1st April 1895" and "1st April 1896" into "on or before the 30th June" and the 1st "Rs. 24" into "20 + interest for additional three months" and the last three "Rs. 24" into "20" throughout.

(7) In lines 1 and 3 of the sub-para to para 28, substitute for "1st April" on or before the "30th June," and in line 2, substitute "12·950" for "13·586" and "51-12-10" for "54-5-6."

2. Paras 26 and 28 modified as above will read as follows:—

26. The loan with interest from the date fixed as per last preceding rule shall be re-paid by the barrower by means of fixed annual payments on

or before the 30th June of each year, the 1st annual payment being made on the 30th June following the period in which the payment falls due. The number and amounts of such payments shall be determined by the Deputy Commissioner with reference to the convenience of the applicant and the necessities of the case, but so as not to exceed the maximum limit specified below :—

	Maximum period. Years.
For loans up to Rs. 500	10
Do from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,000	15
Do Rs. 1,000 and upwards	20

If, in any special case, a longer period for re-payment is desirable, the special sanction of Government shall be obtained on a full report of the circumstances of the case.

Provided, however, that if default is made in the payment of any instalment as above, interest shall be charged thereon at the rate of 5 per cent as fixed in para 24 above.

28. Re-payment of loan by means of annual payments fixed under the last two preceding rules may, if the Deputy Commissioner so directs, commence on or before the 30th June following the close of the 2nd year from the date from which interest is calculable under Rule 25; but, if, in any special case, the Deputy Commissioner considers that the work for which the loan is given is such that a longer time must elapse before it yields a return, a longer interval, not exceeding five years in any case, may be allowed for the commencement of the re-payment. If, under this rule, the Deputy Commissioner allows an interval of two or more years for the commencement of re-payment, the annual interest on the whole of the loan shall be paid on or before the 30th June following each year of such interval, excepting the last of such years, on or before the 30th June following which shall be paid the first payment towards re-payment. Provided, however, that interest on the said loan for the 1st year of such interval shall be calculated from the date of the grant of the last instalment of the loan up to 30th June following it.

Example.—Suppose the amount of the loan is Rs. 400 and the rate of interest 5 per cent, and the loan is paid to the borrower in instalments as follows :—

Rupees 100 on 1st January 1892, Rs. 100 on 1st February 1892, Rs. 100 on 1st March 1892 and Rs. 100 on 1st April 1892, and suppose also that the Deputy Commissioner allows an interval of five years for the commencement of the re-payment, and directs that the re-payment shall be in ten years by means of annuities. Then, under Rule 25, interest is chargeable on the loan only from 1st April 1892, and the borrower shall pay as interest on the whole loan under Rule 28, for the years of the five years' interval, *excepting the last*, as follows :—

On or before the 30th June 1893 Rs. 20 + interest for additional three months.
Do 30th June 1894 Rs. 20
Do 30th June 1895 Rs. 20
Do 30th June 1896 Rs. 20

The re-payment will commence on or before the 30th June 1897. The annual payment towards such re-payment under Table E will be $4 \times 12{\cdot}950 = 51\text{-}12\text{-}10$. The first of such annual payments must be made on or before the 30th June 1897, and the tenth and last annual payment will extinguish the loan on or before the 30th June 1906.

C. SREENIVASIENGAR,
Secy. to Govt., Gen. & Rev. Depts.

To—The Comptroller, Mysore Government.
The Deputy Commissioners, of Districts.
The Inspector of Agricultural Banks.

Exd.—H.A.R.

1897-98

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

REVENUE

PROCEEDINGS

Dated 20th December 1897

No. 5130-39 / R. 1777

Directing certain additions and alterations being made in paras 26 and 28 of the Rules for the grant of loans under the Land Improvement Loans Regulation, issued under Notification No. D—70 A, dated 4th January 1892, regarding the levy of interest on overdue instalments and the payment of annual instalments on or before the 30th June of each year.

M.G.C.P.B.—11-1-98—150

DEPARTMENT
No. 8122
189 Pc 1361
OFFICE

From

The Comptroller, Mysore Govt

To

The Secretary to the Govt. of Mysore

—— — — Dept.

Dated 5/-1a.0

Despatched

Received

L. F. No. 8621/1880
No.

SUBJECT MATTER.

Reporting to be informed whether he can arrange to leave the remaining instalments of the loans received after 30th June following, the period in which the present rules on

Submitted Secretary for orders. It is respectfully submitted in giving retrospective effect to the orders contained in Govt. Office No. 5430-37 of 20/12-97 in case of loans granted previous to the date of this Office: alone referred to the interest on Lee the loans granted due date 30th June ~~should~~ may should be remitted as in the case of loans which may hereafter be granted.

Sub Treasuries.

RR 13/5/98 RR 13/5/98

13/5/98

Rw 9.5.98

In no case the question in the 4th paragraph

15/5/98

Dlw 14/5/98

Sd for Secy to Govt

No. 8871 / 1880.

OFFICE OF THE COMPTROLLER, MYSORE GOVT.

Bangalore, 5th May 1898

From

E. R. SUBRAYER, Esq.,

Comptroller, Mysore Govt.

To

The Secretary to the Govt. of Mysore,

General & Revenue Dept.s

SIR,

With reference to Government Proceedings No. S-430-3 R 1777 dated 20th December 1897 directing certain additions and alterations to be made in the Rules for the grant of loans under the Improvement Loan Regulations regarding the levy of interest on overdue instalments and the payment of instalments on or before the 30th June of each year, the first annual payment being made payable on the 30th June following the period in which the payment falls

I have the honor to state that the order as regards the recovery of the instalment on the 30th June next having been made to have retrospective effect, the inconvenience brought to notice in my letter No. 32249—1129 dated 10th November 97 will remain unremedied. in respect of the loans granted previous to the date of the Proceedings referred to above, I have therefore to request the favour of being informed whether I can arrange to have the remaining instalments of such loans recovered on the 30th June following, the period in which the payment falls due.

I have the honor to be
Sir
Your most obedient servant
E Thornton
Comptroller

Received 1 Jan 98

Read.—

Letter No. 8621/1880 dt. 5th
May 1898 from the
Superintendent Bangalore
Genl. Statistics that
retrospective effect not having been given to
the orders contained
in Genl. Proc No. 5730-39
of 1777
of 20th Dec 97 regarding
the recovery of the
instalments of loans
granted under the
Land Improvt. Loans Regn.
on the 30th June 3 each year
~~having been made~~

~~effect~~ the
inconvenience
brought to notice in
his letter No 3249-1129
of 10th Nov 1897 requ.
immediately.

in respect of the taxes
granted preceding to
the date of the said agreement
~~referred to therein~~ and
be questions ~~therefore~~
to be informed whether he would arrange
~~the terms of the said~~
to have the necessary
investigations made
as to the
tobacco received in
the 30th June following
the period in which
the payments fall
due.

order Messrs.

No 11032-40. 20.5.98
R.3669 20.

~~Secretaries~~

The Comptroller is informed that
the instalments of Customs granted previous
to the date of the Govt. Proposal referred to
may be recovered in the manner proposed
herein.

18/5/98.

17/5/98 17/5/98

To the Comptroller.
The Messrs Lennon & Sons

7629/901

From The Deputy Commissioner Chittaldroog District

To The Secretary to the Government of Mysore General & Revenue Depts.

Dated 6th
Despatched 9th } May 1901.
Received

General No. 943.
No.

Enclosure No. One file of 9 Papers.

Requesting to accord sanction for placing the Sajjanakere Inam village, Chitaldroog Taluk, under the Government Management

---

Submitted & Secretary 14/5/01

The facts of the case are given in the Dr Comrs letter.

There appears to be no other remedy than the one suggested by the Dr Comrs

14/5/01

The Dy Comrs recommendations may be sanctioned.

10/8/1901

To the Hon Councillor

RD 12/8/01 384

May be done

13/8/1901

RD 5/8/01 Draft issued 6/8/01

Why so much delay in placing this paper before the Asstt Secy will please send such cases direct to me in time.

10-5-01

Please put up order in No. 13344 R 1603 of 22/1/93

13/5/01 Rev: Br. Please see Sl. Nos 4 & 22 27/2/92 Pmt up for sanction

Dd 13/5/01.

RB 13/5/01

1:943. Eu:

Out file of Vey: Papers.

Office of the Deputy Commissioner
Chitaldroog District.
Dated 6.5.1901

To

The Secretary to the Government
of Mysore - General and
Revenue Departments.

Sir,

I have the honor to state that under the Land Improvement Loans Regulation, a loan of Rs 3000/- was sanctioned in Government Proceedings No 13344 (Sl 4 in R 7 2710 92) R 1603.92 dated 28th January 1893 to Gulbahar Shah and others of Sajjankere, an Inam village, in the Chitaldroog Taluk for the restoration of a breached tank for the benefit of the lands of that village - and a loan order was issued to Gulbahar Shah making the loan repayable in 15 annual instalments of

of Rs 289—0—8 each commencing from June 1895.

2. The six instalments due from the loan-holder — upto end of June 1900, have been collected though not in proper time. There remain to be — collected however overdue interest on the 3rd, 4th, 5th and 6th instalments under Government Proceedings No 5430-39 / R 1777 dated 20th December 1897.

3. The original loan-holder Gulbahar shah died some-two years ago and his brother Asharaf shah is stated to be managing the affairs of the deceased. The payment of the instalment of the loan in question has been very irregular and unpunctual from the beginning. The — Inamdar pleads inability to pay in June every year and solicits special permission

to postpone payment of the kist
due in June till February or —
March next when he collects
Devadayam from the ryots of
the Inam village. He wants to
be permitted to continue the
payment of kist being made
in those months and persists
in refusing to pay the interest
on overdue instalments. The
Amildar reports that no —
amount of persuasion has
had any effect upon the man
to induce him to pay away
the arrears due unless the
village be placed under the
management of Government.

4. Besides, the village is —
granted as Devadayam Inam
for the maintenance of the
Gumbaz at Chitaldroog and
for lighting lights and per-
forming Fatiha and other
services. According to the
terms of the grant, religious
service

Service is not performed
Satisfactorily at the Gumbaz.
The manager has not been —
rendering any accounts of
the income and expenditure
of the revenues of the villag
After the death of Gulbaha
Shah, there has been dissensi
among the present manager
and his hissedars. They ar
stated to have rendered —
themselves very unpopular
with the ryots of the village
by their oppressive conduct
towards them. The Characte
of some of them has even
been called in question in
Criminal Courts. In fact
the affairs of the village —
are very much mis —
Managed. It is therefore
Considered

Considered necessary that in the interests of the ryots of the village and of the institution for the benefit of which it is granted Inam, and for the realisation of the large balance of the loan, the village should be attached and taken under Government management under Section 165 of the Mysore Land Revenue Code.

5. Under these circumstances, I request you to kindly move the Government for according sanction to place the village under Government management.

6. The vernacular records ending with Chitradurga Taluk amildar's Report No 1097/1071 of the 3rd

Read:—

Letter No 943 dated 6th May 1901, from the Dy. Comr., Chitaldrug Dt requesting Sanction to take the Sajjankeré Inam village, Chitaldrug Taluk under Govt management.

Order thereon:—

The Dy. Comr reports that the payment of instalments towards the loan of Rs 3000/- granted under the L. I. Loans Regn in Govt order No 13344 dated 28th January 1893, to Gulbadar Shah & others of the Sajjankeré village, for the restoration of a breached tank ~~in the village~~, has been very irregular & unpunctual, six out of the 15 instalments (by which the loan is to be repaid) having been thus recovered; and that the original

V. R 899 of 20/8/01
R. F. 27/92 20
Filed
V.P.

Begum' Saab Moosen having died, his brother Ashraf Shah who is said to be managing the affairs of the deceased, requests permission to postpone the payment of instal-ments which are due in June till February or March next, & persist-ently refuses to pay the interest on the overdue instalments under Govt. order No 5430-39 dated 20th R 1777 December 1897. He further states that the religious services of the Gumbaz at Chitaldrug for which the village is granted as a Dewadaregi Inam, are not satisfactorily performed. and that their present manager and his hissedars have rendered themselves very unpopular with the ryots of the village, by their oppressive conduct towards them. The Dy. Comr. therefore recommends that in the interests of the ryots of the village and of the institution.

~~it is granted~~ and for the realization of the large balance of loan granted by Govt., the village ~~should~~ be attached and taken under Govt. management under Section 46 of the Land Rev. Code.

2 Under the foregoing circumstances, Govt. are pleased to sanction the proposal of the Dy. Comr., who is required to take needful action in the matter.

17/8/01

for Secretary

To the Dy. Comr. Chitral
Dir, returning
vernacular records

19/8/01

where the matter seems to have been disposed of.

Judy H.R
23/11/07

To Revenue Branch as per orders
25/11/07

File pending
Reports.

Called for reports
6/12/1907

Submitted with reference.
14/12/07

Memorandum to the Dy Com
With ref. to Govt order
899 & 20-8-01 in the
file below -
Some of the allegations
set forth in this petition
are correct, contrary
to the Dy Com's report on
which the order was based.
Many times petitions
before & the Dy Com
& a report
will be

1901 — 2

No. 1663

Name of Petitioner: Fada Bahar Sha and 7 others, Inamdars of

Village: Sajjankere and Rangapur

Taluk: Chitaldrug

District: Chitaldrug

Date of Arzi: 23-11-07

Date of Receipt: 23-11-07

Date of Disposal:

No. of Enclosure: Eight

ABSTRACT

With reference to Govt order No. 899 R.F. 276-02 dated 20-8-01 the petitioners state that Gulbahar Sha and others obtained a loan of Rs 3000/- for restoring the breached tank of Rangapur from Govt on 28-1-93; that this loan was repayable in 15 yearly instalments with interest on each instalment and with enhanced interest thereon, whenever there was any delay; that neither any instalment or any interest is at present in arrears; that the petitioners

MGCPE—28-3-01—3,000.

am villages were granted have
been regularly performed; that
they have been ~~regular~~ carefully
managing the villages and
paying particular attention
the welfare of the ryots;
that they have never become
unpopular with the ryots;
that neither the Dy: Comr
nor any other officer has held
any enquiry regarding these
matters; and that under
the circumstances it is unjust
to request and attach the
Inam village of Sajjankere
and Rangapur

They pray that the said
villages may be released from
attachment and placed in
their possession and under
their management; and that
they be permitted to employ their
Counsel M.R. Ramanna to
conduct the case.

2/12/07

P. Ramanna Avr
Send this to the Rev Board
Where the matter lies
I have sent his pondy

23-11-1907

To

Two Rupees Stamp affixed

1863

P. N. KRISHNA MURTI Esq., C. I. E.,

DEWAN IN COUNCIL IN MYSORE,

BANGALORE.

16636
23-11-1907

THE HUMBLE MEMORIAL OF 1. SADA BAHAR SHA, 2. AHAMAD SHA, 3. ISMAIL SAB, 4. SAYED ALI SAB, 5. ABDUL RAZAB, 6. RAFFIR SHA, 7. ASHRAF SHA (The Manager), 8. SAYED ABDUL AZIZ, the Inamdars of SAJJANAKERE AND RANGAPUR, CHITALDROOG TALOOK, CHITALDROOG DISTRICT.

RESPECTFULLY SHEWETH,

THAT the Inam of the two villages of Sajjanakere and Rangapur, Chitaldroog Talook, Chitaldroog District, was granted to the forefathers of the humble Memorialists even prior to the reign of Tippu Sultan.

2. THAT this Inam was confirmed to the forefathers of these humble Memorialists by that Sultan who has issued two Sannads to them, one for each of the said villages. These Sannads state that this Inam was granted, and that it shall be continued to them ; and in return they had for ever to offer prayers in the Durgha at Chitaldroog for the prosperity of the Sultan's reign. (ನಿರಂತರದಲ್ಲು ನಮ್ಮ ಪವಲತ್ತಿನ ಶ್ರೇಯಸ್ಸನ್ನು ಪ್ರಾರ್ಥಿಸಿಕೊಂಡು).

3. THAT His Highness the late Maharaja Krishnaraj Wadeyar Bahadur has also issued a Sannad confirming the said Inam to the forefathers of the humble Memorialists. The Sannad merely states that they are to hold this Inam as heretofore, that is to say, they have to offer prayers for the prosperity of His Highness' reign in the Durgha.

4. THAT the same thing has been reiterated in the Sannad issued at the Inam Settlement dated 27th October 1868. The Sannad says "This Inam is confirmed to the Durghas free of tax to be held without interference, so long as the conditions of the grant are duly fulfilled."

5. THAT it is clear from the above that the several Sannads issued in connection with this Inam imposes on the Inamdars no other duty or religious service, than to offer prayers in the Durgah at Chitaldroog for the prosperity of the reign of the ruling Sovereign of this Province. This, if at all, is the only condition subject to which this Inam is held. The language of the Tippu Sultan's Sannad reads as if there was a recommendation, but not a condition precedent; and this has been followed in the subsequent Sannads.

6. THAT, the humble Memorialists and their forefathers have been up to date faithfully and fervently offering their prayers to the Almighty God to bless the ruling Sovereigns of this Province with long life and prosperity. They have doubled their prayers to Him to bestow His choicest blessings on our present Maharaja, His Highness Krishnarajendra Wadeyar Bahadur.

7. THAT, besides this, the Inamdars have been feeding the poor Fakirs who visit Chitaldroog. The place is one which is much frequented by the travellers from different parts. They have been doing this out of charity, though the Sannads issued to them do not require them to do so.

8. THAT the tank situate in the village of Rangapur was breached, and was otherwise out of repairs. In order to restore and repair this tank, Gulbahar Sha and others obtained a loan of Rs. 3000 from the Government on the 28th January 1893 under the Land Improvement Loans Regulation. This loan was repayable in 15 yearly instalments to be paid by the end of each official year, with interest on each instalment; and with enhanced interest thereon, whenever there was delay in the payment of any one instalment.

9. THAT seven instalments with interest and enhanced interest whenever due have regularly paid and the 8th instalment is due by the end of June 1902. The seventh instalment was paid on the 7th October 1901 as per Treasury Receipt (herewith filed) of that date. There was at most a three months' equitable and unpunctuality in the payment of these instalments. Whenever there was any delay the District Authorities have condoned it, and the enhanced interest has been paid as per the terms of the loan. No instalment nor any interest thereon is at present in arrears.

10. THAT the Inamdars have been very careful in their management of the said two villages. They pay particular attention to the welfare of the rayots under them. There have been no complaint against them by any of the rayots, so far as they know.

11. THAT the Inamdars are doing their best to improve the land. They have for this purpose even gone to the length of raising a large loan at a heavy rate of interest. They by all the means that lie in their power try to improve the condition of the rayots by improving the land they cultivate. They have shown no oppressive conduct to these rayots.

12. THAT these are the simple facts, and these are borne out by the records. The humble Memorialists are prepared to produce these records and to prove to your Honour's entire satisfaction that these are the facts simple and pure.

13. THAT the District Authorities have tried their best to bring to the notice of the Government not these facts, but things which do not exist. On their representation and recommendation the Government have been pleased to order that "the village be attached and taken under Government management under section 165 of the Land Revenue Code" as per the copy of the Proceedings hereto annexed.

14. THAT the Proceedings above referred to set forth three circumstances as having been represented to them by the Deputy Commissioner in his letter No. 943 dated 6th May 1901 which necessitated the adoption of the drastic measure now resorted to by the Government. These are (1) 'the irregular and unpunctual' payment of the instalments of the loan of Rs. 3000 granted to the Inamdars by the Government for restoring the breached tank: (2) the unsatisfactory performance of 'the religious services of the Gumbaz at Chitaldroog for which the village is granted as Devadayam Inam': (3) the bad management of the village and the unpopularity of the present manager and his *hissedars* 'with the rayots of the village by their oppressive conduct towards them;

15. THAT in the first place there has been no enquiry by the Deputy Commissioner or by any Revenue or Muzaroy Officer regarding these matters. None of these officers has ever visited the Gumbaz during the course of the religious services, nor has he received any complaint from the rayots of the village. No notice was ever given to the manager and his *hissedars,* nor were they asked their explanation. In short they have been condemned without any enquiry by the officers, and without any explanation on their behalf. This procedure is not only illegal and inequitable, but it works great injustice and hardship on these humble Memorialists.

16. THAT it has been shown above that no instalment of the loan is at present in arrears and that there has been no mismanagement of the village. It has also been shown that the religious services which the Inamdars are required to do under the terms of the Sannads issued to them are duly performed. They have been as a matter of fact doing more than what is required of them.

17. THAT it is a misnomer to call this Inam Devadayam Inam. It is not dedicated to any mosque or any charitable institution or purpose. It is granted to the person named in the Sannad for the expenses of the Durgha. The Sannad also says that the village is to be given over to the possession of the *khadim,* that he is to enjoy the produce thereof, and that he should for ever pray for the prosperity of our reign (ದರಗಾಕ್ಕೆ ಖರ್ಚಿನಬಗ್ಗೆ ಇನಾಮ್ ಬಹಲ್ ಮೊಕರೂರು ಮಾಡಿರುವದ್ದರಿಂದ ಈ ಗ್ರಾಮದರೊಬಸ್ತನ್ನು ದರಗಾದ ಖದೀಮನ ವಕಕ್ತೆ ಬಿಟ್ಟುಕೊಡುವದು. ಇದರ ಮಹಸೂಲು ಅನುಭವಿಸಿಕೊಂಡು ನಿರಂತರ ದೆಲ್ಲೂ ನಮ್ಮ ದವಲತ್ತಿನ ಶ್ರೇಯಸ್ಸನ್ನು ಪ್ರಾರ್ಥಿಸಿಕೊಂಡು ಯಿದ್ದು).

18. THAT it is clear from the above that for no fault of the humble Memorialists their villages have been sequestered. They are respectable people and they have at no time done anything to incur the displeasure of any Government. By means of this sequestration they have been deprived of the means to carry out the object of the grant and of the means of their livelihood. The intention of the grantors have thus been frustrated.

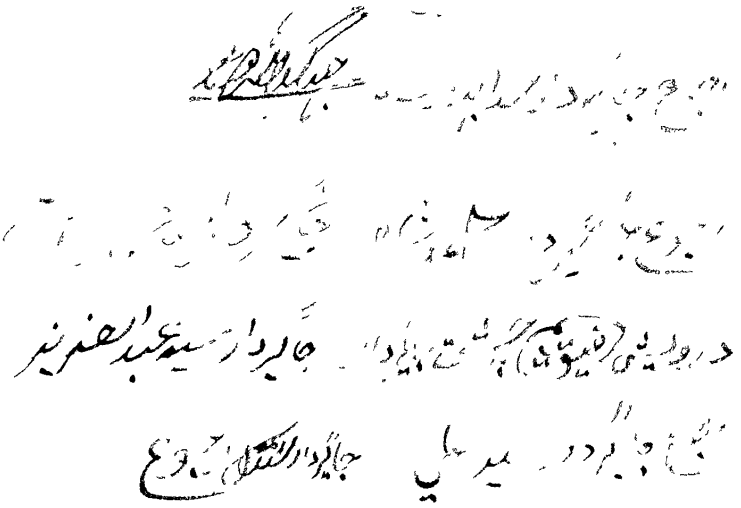
19. THAT, when the last instalment of the loan was paid, the humble Memorialists requested the Deputy Commissioner to release the villages from attachment and to place them again under their management. They were favoured with an endorsement (herewith filed) from that officer that he could not do this and that the Government must be moved in this matter. The Deputy Commissioner could himself release the villages from attachment and place them under the management of the Inamdars under Section 168 of the Land Revenue Code, and he was wrong in not doing this.

20. THAT it is doubtful whether Section 165 of the Land Revenue Code applies to a case like the present one. The loan was granted under the Land Improvement Loans Regulation, and one instalment was in arrears when the sequestration took place. But this would not be arrears of land revenue to which alone the above section seems to apply. As a matter of fact, however, no instalment of the loan was in arrears when the application was made to the Deputy Commissioner.

21. THAT the humble Memorialists try to the utmost of their power to pay the instalment of the loan at the proper time very punctually. They will see that they will not give any room for complaint on this score. They will also answer for any complaint from the rayots of the villages, if there be any at all.

The humble Memorialists pray that the villages now sequestered may be released from attachment and they may be placed in their possession and under their management. They further pray that they may be permitted to conduct their case through their Counsel Mr. B. Ramanna, Advocate.

For this act of kindness they as in duty bound ever pray &c. &c. &c.



To

P. N. KRISHNA MURTI Esq., C. I. E.,

DEWAN IN COUNCIL IN MYSORE,

BANGALORE.

THE HUMBLE MEMORIAL OF 1. SADA BAHAR SHA, 2. AHAMAD SHA, 3. ISMAIL SAB, 4. SAYED ALI SAB, 5. ABDUL RAZAB, 6. RAFFIR SHA, 7. ASHRAF SHA (The Manager), 8. SAYED ABDUL AZIZ, the Inamdars of SAJJANAKERE AND RANGAPUR, CHITALDROOG TALOOK, CHITALDROOG DISTRICT.

RESPECTFULLY SHEWETH,

THAT the Inam of the two villages of Sajjanakere and Rangapur, Chitaldroog Talook, Chitaldroog District, was granted to the forefathers of the humble Memorialists even prior to the reign of Tippu Sultan.

2. THAT this Inam was confirmed to the forefathers of these humble Memorialists by that Sultan who has issued two Sannads to them, one for each of the said villages. These Sannads state that this Inam was granted, and that it shall be continued to them ; and in return they had for ever to offer prayers in the Durgha at Chitaldroog for the prosperity of the Sultan's reign. (ನಿರಂತರದಲ್ಲು ನಮ್ಮ ಪವಲತ್ತಿನ ಕ್ರೀಯನ್ನು ಪ್ರಾರ್ಥಿಸಿಕೊಂಡು).

3. THAT His Highness the late Maharaja Krishnaraj Wadeyar Bahadur has also issued a Sannad confirming the said Inam to the forefathers of the humble Memorialists. The Sannad merely states that they are to hold this Inam as heretofore, that is to say, they have to offer prayers for the prosperity of His Highness' reign in the Durgha.

4. THAT the same thing has been reiterated in the Sannad issued at the Inam Settlement dated 27th October 1868. The Sannad says "This Inam is confirmed to the Durghas free of tax to be held without interference, so long as the conditions of the grant are duly fulfilled."

5. THAT it is clear from the above that the several Sannads issued in connection with this Inam imposes on the Inamdars no other duty or religious service, than to offer prayers in the Durgah at Chitaldroog for the prosperity of the reign of the ruling Sovereign of this Province. This, if at all, is the only condition subject to which this Inam is held. The language of the Tippu Sultan's Sannad reads as if there was a recommendation, but not a condition precedent; and this has been followed in the subsequent Sannads.

6. THAT, the humble Memorialists and their forefathers have been up to date faithfully and fervently offering their prayers to the Almighty God to bless the ruling Sovereigns of this Province with long life and prosperity. They have doubled their prayers to Him to bestow His choicest blessings on our present Maharaja, His Highness Krishnarajendra Wadeyar Bahadur.

7. THAT, besides this, the Inamdars have been feeding the poor Fakirs who visit Chitaldroog. The place is one which is much frequented by the travellers from different parts. They have been doing this out of charity, though the Sannads issued to them do not require them to do so.

8. THAT the tank situate in the village of Rangapur was breached, and was otherwise out of repairs. In order to restore and repair this tank, Gulbahar Sha and others obtained a loan of Rs. 3000 from the Government on the 28th January 1893 under the Land Improvement Loans Regulation. This loan was repayable in 15 yearly instalments to be paid by the end of each official year, with interest on each instalment; and with enhanced interest thereon, whenever there was delay in the payment of any one instalment.

9. THAT seven instalments with interest and enhanced interest whenever due have been duly paid and the 8th instalment is due by the end of June 1902. The seventh instalment was paid on the 7th October 1901 as per Treasury Receipt (herewith filed) of that date. There have been instances of irregularity and unpunctuality in the payment of these instalments. Whenever there was any delay the District Authorities have condoned it, and the enhanced interest has been paid as per the terms of the loan. No instalment nor any interest thereon is at present in arrears.

10. THAT the Inamdars have been very careful in their management of the said two villages. They pay particular attention to the welfare of the rayots under them. There have been no complaint against them by any of the rayots, so far as they know.

11. THAT the Inamdars are doing their best to improve the land. They have for this purpose even gone to the length of raising a large loan at a heavy rate of interest. They by all the means that lie in their power try to improve the condition of the rayots by improving the land they cultivate. They have shown no oppressive conduct to these rayots.

12. THAT these are the simple facts, and these are borne out by the records. The humble Memorialists are prepared to produce these records and to prove to your Honour's entire satisfaction that these are the facts simple and pure.

13. THAT the District Authorities have tried their best to bring to the notice of the Government not these facts, but things which do not exist. On their representation and recommendation the Government have been pleased to order that "the village be attached and taken under Government management under section 165 of the Land Revenue Code" as per the copy of the Proceedings hereto annexed.

14. THAT the Proceedings above referred to set forth three circumstances as having been represented to them by the Deputy Commissioner in his letter No. 943 dated 6th May 1901 which necessitated the adoption of the drastic measure now resorted to by the Government. These are (1) 'the irregular and unpunctual' payment of the instalments of the loan of Rs. 3000 granted to the Inamdars by the Government for restoring the breached tank: (2) the unsatisfactory performance of 'the religious services of the Gumbaz at Chitaldroog for which the village is granted as Devadayam Inam': (3) the bad management of the village and the unpopularity of the present manager and his *hissedars* with the rayots of the village by their oppressive conduct towards them;

15. THAT in the first place there has been no enquiry by the Deputy Commissioner or by any Revenue or Muzaroy Officer regarding these matters. None of these officers has ever visited the Gumbaz during the course of the religious services, nor has he received any complaint from the rayots of the village. No notice was ever given to the manager and his *hissedars*, nor were they asked their explanation. In short they have been condemned without any enquiry by the officers, and without any explanation on their behalf. This procedure is not only illegal and inequitable, but it works great injustice and hardship on these humble Memorialists.

16. THAT it has been shown above that no instalment of the loan is at present in arrears and that there has been no mismanagement of the village. It has also been shown that the religious services which the Inamdars are required to do under the terms of the Sannads issued to them are duly performed. They have been as a matter of fact doing more than what is required of them.

17. THAT it is a misnomer to call this Inam Devadayam Inam. It is not dedicated to any mosque or any charitable institution or purpose. It is granted to the person named in the Sannad for the expenses of the Durgha. The Sannad also says that the village is to be given over to the possession of the *khadim*, that he is to enjoy the produce thereof, and that he should for ever pray for the prosperity of our reign (ದರಗಾಕ್ಕೆ ಖರ್ಚಿನಬಗ್ಗೆ ಇನಾಮ್ ಬಹಲ್ ಮೊಕರೂರು ಮಾಡಿರುವದ್ದರಿಂದ ಈ ಗ್ರಾಮದರೊಬಸ್ತನ್ನು ದರಗಾದ ಖದೀಮನ ವಶಕ್ಕೆ ಬಿಟ್ಟುಕೊಡುವದು. ಇದರ ಮಹಸೂಲು ಅನುಭವಿಸಿಕೊಂಡು ನಿರಂತರ ದಲ್ಲೂ ನಮ್ಮ ದವಲತ್ತಿನ ಶ್ರೇಯಸ್ಸು ಪ್ರಾರ್ಥಿಸಿಕೊಂಡು ಯಿದ್ದು).

18. THAT it is clear from the above that for no fault of the humble Memorialists their villages have been sequestered. They are respectable people and they have at no time done anything to incur the displeasure of any Government. By means of this sequestration they have been deprived of the means to carry out the object of the grant and of the means of their livelihood. The intention of the grantors have thus been frustrated.

19. THAT, when the last instalment of the loan was paid, the humble Memorialists requested the Deputy Commissioner to release the villages from attachment and to place them again under their management. They were favoured with an endorsement (herewith filed) from that officer that he could not do this and that the Government must be moved in this matter. The Deputy Commissioner could himself release the villages from attachment and place them under the management of the Inamdars under Section 168 of the Land Revenue Code, and he was wrong in not doing this.

20. THAT it is doubtful whether Section 165 of the Land Revenue Code applies to a case like the present one. The loan was granted under the Land Improvement Loans Regulation, and one instalment was in arrears when the sequestration took place. But this would not be arrears of land revenue to which alone the above section seems to apply. As a matter of fact, however, no instalment of the loan was in arrears when the application was made to the Deputy Commissioner.

21. THAT the humble Memorialists try to the utmost of their power to pay the instalment of the loan at the proper time very punctually. They will see that they will not give any room for complaint on this score. They will also answer for any complaint from the rayots of the villages, if there be any at all.

The humble Memorialists pray that the villages now sequestered may be released from attachment and they may be placed in their possession and under their management. They further pray that they may be permitted to conduct their case through their Counsel Mr. B Ramanna, Advocate.

For this act of kindness they as in duty bound ever pray &c. &c. &c.

To

The Honble
Chief Secretary
to Govt
No. R 2770 Revenue
R. 271-92
Dated 21-12-01

I have the honor to forward herewith
for the information of Government a
memorial from certain Bhils and others
of Sagwara Bhil and Jotha
Khandesh and Rajputana Malwa
Dahod, Panch Mahals and
other villages praying that
they may be relieved from the
attachment of their properties
and that a
Commission may be appointed
to enquire into their grievances
and submit a full
& detailed report
on the several
allegations made

(Bhagat Kasma ?)

~~les Réjouissances de~~
~~Chicago~~
au Mémorial

Ryuda

11
20 11 20

Jours de

R 2619

190

From The Deputy Secretary,
to Mourzai department

To

THE SECY. TO THE GOVT. OF MYSORE,
GEN. & REV. DEPTS.

Dated 31-12-01.

Despatched

Received

General No. 960-1
No. Inam F. 16-95

Enclosure No. -

Subg for information,
his order No. 960-1 of 31 12 01
Inam F. 16-95
regarding the management of
the village of Sajjanakere, an
Inam village belonging to
Ahmed Sha Gumbuz at
Chitaldrug.

References to be marked.

51 " 12 in the file.

filed put up 11/1/02

From

[illegible]

To, The Dy. Collr
Chickaldroog Dist.

Dated 17th March 1902.
Despatched 19
Received
General No. R 4151
R.T. No. 271-92

Enclosure No

This Office No. R2770
dated 21st December 1901.
forwarding a memorial read
from Sada Bahar Shah & 7 others,
Inamdars of Lajjanahalli
and Rangapur, Chitaldroog
Taluk, praying that their
villages may be released
from attachment and restored
to their possession and calling
for submission of a full & a
detailed report on the several
allegations made in the
memorial —
and subsequent reminder marginally noted.

Has the honor to draw attention to the
above and to request ~~a speedy reply thereto~~ expedite the early
submission of the report called
for therein.

By Order,

15/3/02

~~Under~~-Secretary.

THE SECRETARY

Dated 3/7/02

Despatched

Received

General No. R.5/1

No. 271-02

Enclosure No.

This Office No. 271/02 dated

21-12-1901 calling for information respecting alleged detachable properties of the Mammoth Concession, Siwan Mahal and Shadi Jatta, and requesting that the Village Lease may be cancelled if no such properties exist.

~~and subsequent reminder~~ marginally noted.

Has the honor to draw attention to the above and to request ~~an early reply thereto~~.

By Order,

Secretary.

2nd reminder 18/9/02 2R 1205

MGCPB—500—13-3-02.

1902

R 2422

From
M. Narain Rao Esquire
Deputy Commissioner
Chitaldrug District

To
H. V. Nanjundayya Esquire, M.A., M.L.
Secretary to the Government
of Mysore - General and
Revenue Department
Bangalore

Dated 21st
Despatched 25th December 1902
Received

General No. 496
No.

Enclosure No. –

Reporting upon the petition of Sadabaharshah Maudaru and others, of Sajjan Kere praying that their Inam village, now attached and placed under Government management, may be released and restored to them.

X. 211.

Put. R. 27.12.02

19/1/03.
D.R.
Rep/

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

This claim is not sustainable as the main title deed clearly shews that the Mosque was granted to the managers, for the time being, of the Gumbaz for its maintenance.

2. The circumstances which necessitated the Mam village being placed under Government management have been fully explained in this Office letter No 943 dated 6th May 1901. The payment of instalments in discharge of the loan granted under the Land Improvement Regulation to Gulbahar Sha for the restoration of a Tank in the village had been irregular and unpunctual from the commencement, and it was only after the village was attached and taken under the management of Government under the authority of proceedings No $\frac{899}{R\ 7271-92}$ dated 20th August 1901 that the petitioners came forward and offered to pay up the interest-amount due from them on overdue instalments, as well as the amount of instalment due in June 1901. In October 1901, a sum of Rs 331 · 8 · 10 was produced by them on account of the instalment for June 1901 and the interest on arrears of previous instalments, and it has been duly credited to the Treasury.

3. The performance of religious Service at the Gumbaz, and the maintenance of lights and the feeding of Fakirs in the Gumbaz have been very unsatisfactory. Ashruf Sha

one of the petitioners, has, in a statement made by him on 2nd April 1900, before the Amildar of Chitaldrug, admitted that the performance of "Uru" had been discontinued for the past 3 years after the death of his brother.

4. Concerning the general character and conduct of the petitioners towards the ryots of the village, I beg to state that complaints, both oral and written, are reported to have been made to the Amildar by the ryots as to the high-handedness of some of the petitioners, Especially of one Aboul Razakh, in unreasonably ejecting the ryots from their lands, failing to give receipts for the money received from them and causing annoyance to them in many respects.

5. For the above reasons, and owing to the persistent failure of the managers of the Institution to keep regular accounts of the income and expenditure of the Institution, the Main village was taken under Government management, under the sanction conveyed in Proceedings No. 899 RA 271-92 dated 20th August 1901. The jamabandi of the village for the year 1901-02 was conducted by the Amildar and the Kandayam due by the ryots was recovered and placed in deposit in the Taluk Treasury. The receipts amounted to Rs 821-10-0 and

the

the Expenditure to Rs 329 . 10 . 8 as detailed below:-

Rs 289 . 0 . 8 Instalment of Loan due for 1901 - 2 under the Land Improvement Act

" 40 . 10 . 0 Local Cess on the Inam village for 1901 - 02

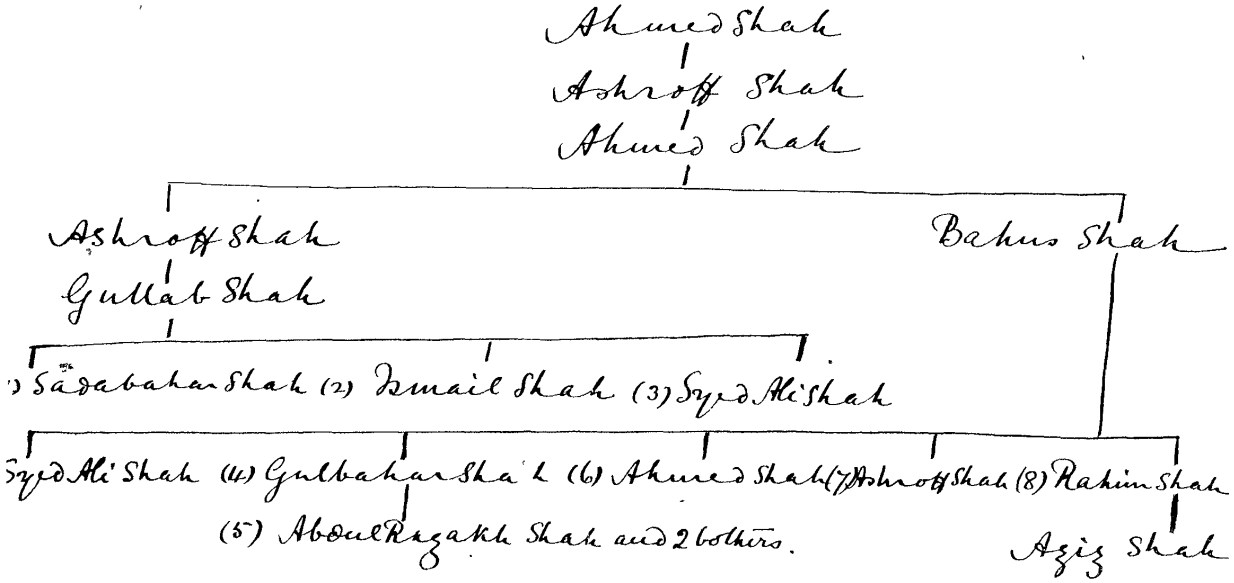
Total Rs 329 . 10 . 8

Thus there is a sum of Rs 491 . 15 . 4 at present held in deposit in the Taluk Treasury to the credit of the Gramastas.

6. The total jamabandi of the Inam village for the year 1901-02 stood at Rs 980-3-3. Out of this, Lands assessed at Rs 118 7 . 6 are held by the petitioners in their own name. This Kandayam has not yet been recovered from them.

Ashroff Shah
Sadabahan Shah
Ahmed Shah
Ismail Shah
Syed Ali Shah
Syed Ali Shah
Abdul Razakh
Two brothers.
Aziz Shah.

7. The present surviving representatives of the original manager or founder of the institution Ahmed Shah, are eight in number. Their names are noted in the margin, and the following genealogical tree illustrates their descent from Ahmed Shah:—


Ahmed Shah
Ashroff Shah
Ahmed Shah
Ashroff Shah
Gullab Shah
Bahus Shah
(1) Sadabahan Shah (2) Ismail Shah (3) Syed Ali Shah
Syed Ali Shah (4) Gulbahan Shah (6) Ahmed Shah (7) Ashroff Shah (8) Rahim Shah
(5) Abdul Razakh Shah and 2 brothers.
Aziz Shah

8. When the Inam village was under the management of the petitioners, the receipts were shared by them in the following proportions: —

1.	Ashroff Shah	1/10 th
2.	Sadabahar Shah	1/6 th
3.	Ahmed Shah	1/10 th
4.	Ismail Shah	1/6 th
5.	Syed Ali Shah	1/6 th
6.	Syed Ali Shah	1/10 th
7.	Aboul Razakh and 2 brothers.	1/10 th
8.	Aziz Shah	1/10 th.

9. One of the petitioners Ashroff Shah was recognized as the General manager while Ismail Shah, Syed Ali and Aboul Razakh lived in the Inam Village and attended to cultivation & other. There was no Jasdik Patti and no fixed allotment of funds for "Urs", feeding of Fakirs and other Charities for which the Inam is intended.

10. I beg to submit the following proposals for the future management of the Dargah and Gumbaz.

(1) The village to be restored to the petitioners who should select a competent man from among themselves to be the manager, subject to the Dy Commissioner's approval.

(2) The manager to look to the affairs of the Institution and the village with the assistance of the other Shareholders.

(3) Taking the revenue of the village at Rs 950, a sum of Rs 671. 10. 8 should be

deposited in the Taluk Treasury to meet the charges noted below :—

		Rs. As. P.
1.	Yearly instalment towards the principal and interest in repayment of loan granted under the Land Improvement Act.	289. 0. 8
2.	Local cess payable on the Inam Village.	40. 10. 0
3	Shanbogues pothi	25 0 0
4	Patel's pothi	17. 0. 0
		Rs 371. 10. 8

(1)	For Urs	100. 0 0
(2)	"Dipotsava	20 0 0
(3)	For feeding of Fakirs @ Rs 10 per mensem.	120. 0. 0
(4)	For repairs of Dargah	30. 0. 0
(5)	For daily chiragh @ 2½ Rs per mensem	30 0 0
	Total Rs	300. 0. 0
	Grand Total Rs	671. 10. 8

(4) At the beginning of each month, the manager draw from the Taluk Treasury the money required for the feeding of the Fakirs and for daily "Chiragh" at the rate of Rs. 12. 8. 0 per mensem, and keep accounts of expenditure.

(5) For the "Urs" and the Deepotsava, the allotted amount to be drawn by the manager on those special occasions and accounted for by him.

(6) The amount allotted for repairs would be accumulated in the Treasury and drawn upon whenever required.

(7) The balance of Rs 279. 0. 0 to be

Shared

Shared by the Shareholders named in para 8 above in the proportions therein mentioned in consideration of one of them by turns, either in person or by agent, doing the duties of Managing and Paid Inamdar and arranging for the building being kept clean.

(8) The accounts of Expenditure should be open to inspection by Government Officers.

11. The loan advanced by Government will be fully discharged in the year 1909 after which the sum of Rs 289.0.8 will also be available for improving the usefulness of the Institution and the remuneration of the Shareholders.

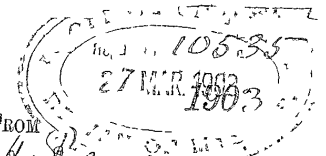
I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant.

M. Narain Rao
Deputy Commissioner,
Chitaldrug District.

P.S. The Inam village has not yet been surveyed in detail. Its revenue would be improved if the Survey Settlement were introduced into it.

M. N. R.

Dok
27-5-11

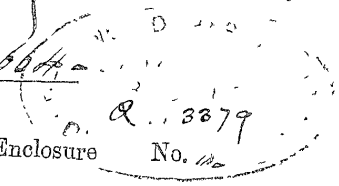


From H. Ramachandrayya Esquire
Deputy Commissioner,
Chitaldrug District

To H. V. Nanjundayya Esquire
Secretary to the Government of
His Highness the Maharaja
Mysore - General and
Revenue Departments to
Bangalore

Dated 25th
Despatched " } March 1903
Received

General No. 664
No.



Enclosure No.

With reference to this
Office no 496 dated 25th
December last submitting
a report on the petition
of Sadanbahar Shah and
others, Inamdars of Sajjan
-kere village in the
Chitaldrug Taluk praying
for the release from
attachment and resto-
-ration to their possession
of the said village, has
the honor to request the
favor of early orders of
Government on the
proposals made in the
above.

2. Syed A[redacted]off Shah,
the late Manager of the village

having applied for the funds
required for the performance
of the above work, he has
been informed that the
Government could not be paid
to him for the purpose
without the sanction of
Government to the above
proposals.

I have the honour to be
Your very obedient
Deputy Commissioner

R 2342

Rec'd 8/1904

1904

From H. Ramamyangar Esq
Deputy Commissioner
Chitaldrug District

To A.V. Narjundayya Esq M.A. M.A.
Secretary to the Government of
His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,
General and Revenue Departments,

Dated 6 2
Despatched 6 2 } Bangalore February 1904.
Received

General No. 417
No.

Enclosure No. 4

2422 of 27-12-02

R 3379.

With reference to this office No. 496 and 664 dated 25th December 1902 and 26th March 1903 respectively, submitting a report regarding the management of the Sajjankere Inam Village in the Chitaldrug Taluk, has the honor to request the favor of orders of Government being obtained on the proposals submitted in the above at early convenience.

2. Kasi Rao, Shanbhogue of the Village, made application to this office complaining that the Potgi due to him for 3 years had not been disbursed to him and that he, in consequence was put to much pecuniary hardship and urging for early payment.

3. The Amildar reports that the Shanbhogue and the Patel of the village have been discharging their duties

Enclosure

encrement the village was taken over under the management of Government that both of them have not received their Potgi as yet and recommend that the same may be ordered to be disbursed to them out of the revenue of the Village which is held in deposit

4 It would appear that they are entitled to receive Potgi in arrears for the last 3 years. They are poor Village servants and find it very hard to eke out their livelihood without receiving any remuneration for the services rendered.

5. The undersigned therefore submits that, in anticipation of Government Sanction, orders have been issued to the Amildar for payment of Potgi to be made to the Shanbhogue and Patel for 2 years which amounts to Rs 84/- at Rs 25/- a year in the case of the former and Rs 17/- in that of the latter as proposed in the letter under reference.

6. The Potgi due for the 3rd year has been reserved for future payment pending formal Sanction of Government in the matter.

Deputy Commissioner
Chitaldrug District

Murgai.

Read the following :—

(i) Govt. Pro. No. 899 / R.T. 271-92 dated 20th August 1901 directing that the Inam village of Sajjanakere in the Chitaldrug Taluk granted to the Ahmed Sha Gumbuz at Chitaldrug, be attached and taken under the management of Government.

(ii) Memorial dated 23rd Nov. 1901 from Sada Bahar Sha and others praying that the inam village may be released from attachment and restored to their possession

(iii) Govt. Pro. No. 960—1 / Murai T. 16-95 dated 31st December 1901 directing that the Ahmed

the Gumbury at Chitaldrug
and the Inam village attached
thereto be taken over under
Govt. management in the
Mysore Department.
(ii) Memorial dated 29th
August 1904 from Syed Ali
Sab and others praying for the
restoration of the inam village
to their possession.
and (v)
The following letter
No. 496 dated 21st December 1902
from the Dy Commr of the
Chitaldrug District:-
"In extenso"

Order thereon:- No. 3052-5

The village of Sajjanakere
in the Chitaldrug Taluk, Dy 21.2.05.

is a Devadaya Inam granted for the support of the "Deepam" and "Jatya" &c in the Ahmed Sha Gumbuz at Chitaldrug. Under the authority of Govt. Pro: No. 13344 / R1603 of 28th January 1893, a loan of Rs 3000, repayable in fifteen annual instalments commencing from June 1895, was advanced under the Land Improvement Regn. IV of 1890 to ~~Gulbarga Shaee~~ the Manager Gulbahar Sha & others, towards the restoration of a breached tank for the benefit of the lands in the inam village. Latterly, the Managers having rendered themselves very unpopular with the

Pujari of the village by
their objectionable conduct
towards them and having
also refused to pay the
interest on the over due
instalments, the Govt
in their orders No. R. 899 of
R.F. 271-92
20th August 1901, directed
the village to be attached
and taken under Govt
management. Further,
the managers having failed
to satisfactorily perform
the services &c in the institution
and owing to their default
to keep regular accounts
after being clearly warned,
the Govt, in the Muzrai Deptt, in their Pro: of the 31st Dec. 1901, read above,
directed that the institution
and its endowment be

taken over under their management. Sadar Bahar Sha and 7 others have appealed to Govt representing that the religious services are being regularly performed & that neither any instalment nor any interest is now in arrears. They pray that the inam village may be released from attachment and restored to their possession.

With reference to this, the Dy Commr, has submitted a detailed report in his letter of the 21st Dec 1902 read above.

2. The Govt observe

that since the Dy Commr
reports that the managers
of the Gumbuz were irregular
"in paying the instalments
"due Govt on account of
"the loan, that the Services
"in the Gumbuz were not
proper & performed & that
"the Village was mismanaged,
and while he recommends
a scale of payments to be
made in future, it is
not understood how he
in the same breath recommends
the restoration of the Village
to the managers of the Gumbuz.
Owing to their irregularities
the Gumu Village was taken over

(1) Yearly instalment towards the principal & interest in repayment of the loan granted — Rs 289-0-8.
(2) Local cess payable on the main village — 40-10-0.
(3) Shamlal Mogul's Patki — 25-0-0.
(4) Rakesh Patki — 17-0-0.
(5) For Others — 100-0-0.
(6) " Seeforkhana — 20-0-0.
(7) " Feeding of Takavis @ Rs 10 per mensem — 120-0-0.
(8) " repairs of the Dharga — 30-0-0.
(9) " daily Chiraikh @ Rs 2-8 per mensem — 30-0-0.

Total Rs 671-10-8.

under Govt. management and if it is again restored, the Govt see no guarantee that the affairs will not again fall into disorder as before. The Govt therefore ~~direct~~ consider that it is not desirable to restore the main village to the memorialist, at least until the Govt loan is fully liquidated

3. As recommended by the Dy Commr in his letter read above, the Govt are pleased to sanction the scale of payments as noted in the margin. As suggested by the Dy Commr, the money required for the feeding of

[3] Talukas and Mr Dai & Chirakkal
[4] ~~at the rate of~~ aggregating Rs 12-8-0 per
mensem ~~will~~ may be drawn
from the Taluk Treasury
by the Manager, [5] and also the amounts sanctioned
for the Corvees and Deepotsava
whenever they are required,
~~on those Special occasions,~~
[6] and properly accounted for
by him. [7] The appointment of a Manager from among the Nissedars is left to the Dy
Commr. [8] Taking the average annual
income of the main Village
to be Rs 950, a sum of Rs 279
remains over, after the
payments sanctioned above
are made. The Dy Commr
proposes that the whole
of this balance should be
distributed among the
Shareholders connected with
the Temples. ~~The Govt~~ in the manner suggested in para 10(7) of his letter cited above. The proposal
is sanctioned

~~Govt~~

~~does not undesirable~~ to make such a general provision, as the revenue of the village may increase in future years under ~~Govt. management~~. 5/// The village being under the management of Govt, the Dy Commr in the Mun: Dept to is requested to see that the instalments due to Govt on account of the loan are duly paid.

6. The Govt are further pleased to sanction the introduction of Survey and Settlement into the Inam Village. The Sur: & Sett: Commr will take needful steps in the matter

in communication with the Dy Commr.

Submitted

may this be printed?

Dewan's order) 21/2/05

Secy

Yes, after perusing the MS proof

Yes 18/2/05

To

The Dy. Commr

Chittaldrug Dt.

" Secretary Govt., Genl & Rev. Dept

" Sub & Asst Commrs

" Comptr Govt

No. 3056 Dy 21.2.05.

Endorsement to the memorialists.

By order

Secy

Asst Secy

following :—

(i) Government Proceedings No. 899—R. F. 271-92, dated 20th August 1901, directing that the Inam village of Sajjankere in the Chitaldrug Taluk granted to the Ahmed Shah Gumbuz at Chitaldrug, be attached and taken under the management of Government.

(ii) Memorial dated 23rd November 1901, from Sada Bahar Shah and others, praying that the Inam village may be released from attachment and restored to their possession.

(iii) Government Proceedings No. 960-1—Muz. F. 16-95, dated 31st December 1901, directing that the Ahmed Shah Gumbuz at Chitaldrug and the Inam village attached thereto be taken over under Government management in the Muzrai Department.

(iv) Memorial dated 29th August 1904, from Syed Ali Sab and others, praying for the restoration of the Inam village to their possession.

(v) The following letter No. 496, dated 21st December 1902, from the Deputy Commissioner of the Chitaldrug District :—

"With reference to your docket No. 2770—R. F. 271-92, dated 21st December 1901, calling for report on the petition of Sada Bahar Shah and seven others, Inamdars of Sajjankere and Rangapura in the Chitaldrug Taluk, praying that their villages may be released from attachment and restored to their possession, I have the honor to state that the Sajjankere village with its hamlet of Rangapura was originally granted as Inam to the Darga and Gumbuz of Ahmed Shah at Chitaldrug for the maintenance of lights and fatya, etc., at the Gumbuz; but the petitioners claim the villages as their personal Inam, granted to their forefathers for offering prayers in the Darga for the prosperity of the sovereign. This claim is not sustainable as the Inam title-deed clearly shows that the Inam was granted to the managers, for the time being, of the Gumbuz for its maintenance.

2. The circumstances which necessitated the Inam village being placed under Government management have been fully explained in this office letter No. 943, dated 6th May 1901. The payment of instalments in discharge of the loan granted under the Land Improvement Regulation to Gulbarsha for the restoration of a tank in the village, had been irregular and unpunctual from the commencement, and it was only after the village was attached and taken under the management of Government under the authority of Proceedings No. 899—R. F. 271-92, dated 20th August 1901, that the petitioners came forward and offered to pay up the interest amount due from them on overdue instalments as well as the amount of instalment due in June 1901. In October 1901, a sum of Rs. 331-8-10 was produced by them on account of the instalment for June 1901 and the interest on arrears of previous instalments, and it has been duly credited to the Treasury.

3. The performance of religious service at the Gumbuz and the maintenance of lights and the feeding of fakirs in the Gumbuz have been very unsatisfactory. Ashrufsha, one of the petitioners, has, in a statement made by him on 2nd April 1900 before the Amildar of Chitaldrug, admitted that the performance of "Urus" had been discontinued for the past three years after the death of his brother.

4. Concerning the general character and conduct of the petitioners towards the raiyats of the village, I beg to state that complaints, both oral and written, are reported to have been made to the Amildar by the raiyats as to the high-handedness of some of the petitioners, especially of one Abdul Razak, in unreasonably ejecting the raiyats from their lands, failing to give receipts for the money received from them and causing annoyance to them in many respects.

5. For the above reasons and owing to the persistent failure of the managers of the institution to keep regular accounts of the income and expenditure of the institution, the Inam village was taken under Government management under the sanction conveyed in Proceedings No. 899 -R. F. 271-92, dated 20th August 1901. The Jamabandi of the village for the year 1901-02 was conducted by the Amildar and the kandayam due by the raiyats was recovered and placed in deposit in the Taluk Treasury. The receipts amounted to Rs. 821-10-0 and the expenditure to Rs. 329-10-8 as detailed below :—

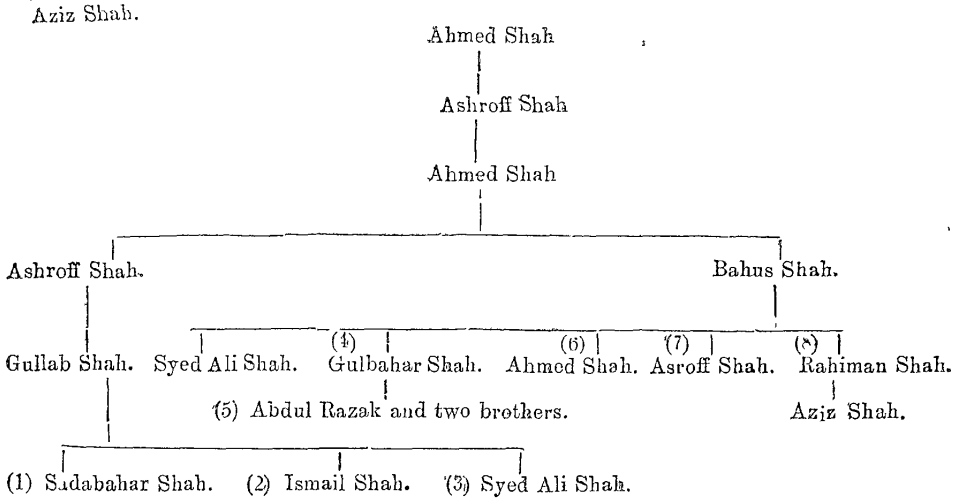
Rs.	a.	p.	
289	0	8	Instalment of loan due for 1901-02 under the Land Improvement Act.
40	10	0	Local cess on the Inam village for 1901-02.
Total 329	10	8	

Thus there is a sum of Rs. 491-15-4 at present held in deposit in the Taluk Treasury to the credit of the Gumbuz.

6. The total Jamabandi of the Inam village for the year 1901-02 stood at Rs. 980-3-3. Out of this, lands assessed at Rs. 118-7-6 are held by the petitioners in their own name. This kandayam has not yet been recovered from them.

7. The present surviving representatives of the original manager or founder of the institution, Ahmed Shah, are eight in number. Their names are noted in the margin, and the following genealogical tree illustrates their descent from Ahmed Shah.

Ashroff Shah
Sadabahar Shah
Ahmed Shah
Ismail Shah
Syed Ali Shah
Syed Ali Shah
Abdul Razak and two brothers
Aziz Shah.



8. When the Inam village was under the management of the petitioners, the receipts were shared by them in the following proportions :—

Ashroff Shah 1/10	Sadabaharshah 1/6	Ahmed Shah 1/10
Ismail Shah 1/6	Syed Ali Shah 1/6	Syed Ali Shah 1/10
Abdul Razak and two brothers 1/10		Aziz Shah 1/10

9. One of the petitioners, Ashroff Shah, was recognized as the general manager while Ismail Shah, Syed Ali and Abdul Razak lived in the Inam village and attended to cultivation, etc., there. There was no tasdik patti and no fixed allotment of funds for "Urus" feeding of fakirs and other charities for which the Inam is intended.

10. I beg to submit the following proposals for the future management of the Darga and Gumbuz :—

(1) The village to be restored to the petitioners who should select a competent man from among themselves to be the manager, subject to the Deputy Commissioner's approval.

(2) The manager to look to the affairs of the institution and the village with the assistance of the other shareholders.

(3) Taking the revenue of the village at Rs. 950, a sum of Rs. 671-10-8 should be deposited in the Taluk Treasury to meet the charges noted below.

	Rs.	a.	p.
(i) Yearly instalments towards the principal and interest in repayment of loan granted under the Land Improvement Act	289	0	8
(ii) Local cess payable on the Inam village ...	40	10	0
(iii) Shanbhog's potigi	25	0	0
(iv) Patel's potigi	17	0	0
Total ...	371	10	8
(1) For Urus.	100	0	0
(2) Dipotsava	20	0	0
(3) For feeding of fakirs at Rs. 10 per mensem ...	120	0	0
(4) For repairs of Darga	30	0	0
(5) For daily chirakh at Rs. 2½ per mensem ...	30	0	0
Total ...	300	0	0
Grand Total ...	671	10	8

(4) At the beginning of each month, the manager to draw from the Taluk Treasury the money required for the feeding of the fakirs and for daily "chirakh" at the rate of Rs. 12-8-0 per mensem, and keep accounts of expenditure.

(5) For the "Urus" and the Depotsava, the allotted amount to be drawn by the manager on those special occasions and accounted for by him.

(6) The amount allotted for repairs would be accumulated in the Treasury and drawn upon whenever required.

(7) The balance of Rs. 279-0-0 to be shared by the shareholders named in para 8 above in the proportions therein mentioned in consideration of one of them by turns, either in person or by agent, doing the duties of Mouaziu and Paish Imam and arranging for the building being kept clean.

(8) The accounts of expenditure should be open to inspection by Government Officers.

11. The loan advanced by Government will be fully discharged in the year 1909, after which the sum of Rs. 289-0-8 will also be available for improving the usefulness of the institution and the remuneration of the shareholders.

12. The Inam village has not yet been surveyed in detail. Its revenue would be improved if the Survey Settlement were introduced into it."

No. 3052-5, DATED BANGALORE, 21ST FEBRUARY 1905.

ORDER THEREON.—The village of Sajjankere in the Chitaldrug Taluk is a Devadaya Inam granted for the support of the "Deepam" and "Fatya," etc., in the Ahmed Shah Gumbuz at Chitaldrug. Under the authority of Government Proceedings No. 13344—R. 1603, dated 28th January 1893, a loan of Rs. 3,000, repayable in fifteen annual instalments commencing from June 1895 was advanced under the Land Improvement Regulation, IV of 1890, to the Manager Gulbahar Shah and others, towards the restoration of a breached tank for the benefit of the lands in the Inam village. Latterly, the managers having rendered themselves very unpopular with the raiyats of the village by their oppressive conduct towards them, and having also refused to pay the interest on the overdue instalments, the Government in their orders No. R. 899—R. F. 271-92, dated 20th August 1901, directed the village to be attached and taken under Government management. Further, the managers having failed to satisfactorily perform the services, etc., in the institution and owing to their default to keep regular accounts after being clearly warned, the Government in the Muzrai Department in their Proceedings of the 31st December 1901 read above, directed that the institution and its endowment be taken over under their management. Sadar Bahar Shah and seven others have appealed to Government representing that the religious services are being regularly performed and that neither any instalment nor any interest is now in arrears. They pray that the Inam village may be released from attachment and restored to their possession. With reference to this, the Deputy Commissioner has submitted a detailed report in his letter of the 21st December 1902 read above.

2. The Government observe that, while the Deputy Commissioner reports that the managers of the Gumbuz were irregular in paying the instalments due to Government on account of the loan, that the services in the Gumbuz were not properly performed and that the village was mismanaged, and while he recommends a scale of payments to be made in future, it is not understood how he in the same breath recommends the restoration of the village to the managers of the Gumbuz. Owing to their irregularities the Inam village was taken over under Government management and if it is again restored, the Government see no guarantee that the affairs will not again fall into disorder as before. The Government therefore consider that it is not desirable to restore the Inam village to the memorialists, at least until the Government loan is fully liquidated.

3. As recommended by the Deputy Commissioner in his letter read above, the Government are pleased to sanction the scale of payments as noted in the margin. As suggested by the Deputy Commissioner, the money required for the feeding of fakirs and for daily chirakh aggregating Rs. 12-8-0 per mensem may be drawn from the Taluk Treasury by the manager, as also the amounts sanctioned for the Urus and Dipotsava whenever they are required, and properly accounted for by him. The appointment of a manager from among the hissedars is left to the Deputy Commissioner.

	Rs.	a.	p
(1) Yearly instalments towards the principal and interest in repayment of the loan granted ...	289	0	8
(2) Local cess payable on the Inam village ...	40	10	0
(3) Shanbhog's potigi ...	25	0	0
(4) Patel's potigi ...	17	0	0
(5) For Urus ...	100	0	0
(6) For Dipotsava ...	20	0	0
(7) For feeding of fakirs at Rs. 10 per mensem ...	120	0	0
(8) For repairs of the Darga ...	30	0	0
(9) For daily chirakh at Rs. 2-8 0 per mensem ...	30	0	0
Total ...	671	10	8

4. Taking the average annual income of the Inam village to be Rs. 950, a sum of Rs. 279 remains over, after the payments sanctioned above are made. The Deputy Commissioner proposes that the whole of this balance should be distributed among the shareholders connected with the Gumbuz in the manner suggested in para 10 (7) of his letter cited above. The proposal is sanctioned.

5. The village being under the management of Government, the Deputy Commissioner in the Muzrai Department is requested to see that the instalments due to Government on account of the loan are duly paid.

6. The Government are further pleased to sanction the introduction of Survey and Settlement into the Inam village. The Survey and Settlement Commissioner will take needful steps in the matter in communication with the Deputy Commissioner.

Draft.

Secy., Muzrai Dept.

To—The Deputy Commissioner, Chitaldrug District.
The Secretary to Government, General and Revenue Department.
The Survey and Settlement Commissioner in Mysore.
The Comptroller to the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

Exd.—G.S.

1904-05

GOVERNMENT OF HIS HIGHNESS
THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE

MUZRAI

PROCEEDINGS

Dated 21st February 1905.

No. 3052-5

Passing orders in the matter of the restoration of the Inam village of Sajjankere in the Chitaldrug Taluk, endowed to the Ahmed Shah Gumbuz at Chitaldrug.

SLP—1-3-05—200

OFFICE OF THE DEWAN OF MYSORE,

No. 3056 D/21.2.05 MUZRAI DEPARTMENT,

Dated Feb: 1905

ENDORSEMENT granted to Sada Bahar Shah, Syed Ali Sab & others praying that the inam village of Gajjanakere endowed to the Gumbaz at Chitaldrug, may be released from attachment & restored to them in reply to their Petitions Registered No — dated 23rd Nov. 1904 & 29th August 1904.

Petitioners are informed that orders have been issued by Govt stating that it is not desirable to restore the inam village to the memorialists at least until the Govt loan is fully liquidated. A scale of payments to be made from the income of the inam village has however been sanctioned and orders issued to the effect that one of the petrs, may be appointed by the Dy Commr as manager of the inam, ~~having the amounts sanctioned for feeding Fakirs & for daily Chirakh expenses~~ from the Inam Treasury as also ~~the amounts sanctioned for the Oorus & Deepotsava whenever they are required & properly accounted for~~. After deducting the payments, a sum of Rs 279 which remains out of the annual income of about Rs 950 from the inam village, has been ordered to be distributed among the shareholders connected with the Gumbaz. Orders have also been issued directing the introduction of Survey & Settlement into the inam village.

By. Order,

20/2/05

~~Deputy~~ Secretary,
Muzrai Department.

Please make a clean copy for the Tahsildar

ks
20/2/05

Government of H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore.

No. 3057

Mzrd Ko-95

Mzarad ~~Secretariat~~ Department

Dated Bangalore 21st. February 1905.

Endorsement granted to Sade Bahar Sha, Syed Ali Sab and others praying that the Inam village of Bajjandoore endowed to theGumbuz at Chitaldrug, may be released from attachment and restored to them in reply to their Petitions ~~Registered Nos~~ dated 23rd. November 1901 and 30th. August 1904.

Petitioners are informed that orders have been issued by Government stating that it is not desirable to restore the Inam village to the memorialists at least until the Government loan is fully liquidated. A scale of payments to be made from the income of the Inam village has been sanctioned and orders issued to the effect that one of thePetitioners may be appointed by the Deputy Commissioner as Manager of the Institution. After deducting the payments, a sum of Rs.279 which remains out of the annual income of about Rs.950 from the Inam village, has been ordered to be distributed among the Share-holders connected with the Gumbuz. Orders have also been issued directing the introduction of Survey and Settlement into the Inam village.

By order,

Dpl

21/2/05

Secretary,

Mzrd

Mzarad Department.